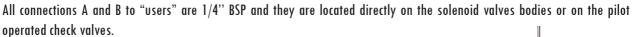


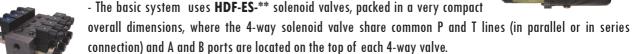
HDF(*)/AMF STACKABLE VALVES SYSTEM

Generalities

- HDF(*) system is designed to create very compact hydraulic control groups, by the use of stackable solenoid valves (and modules), that don't need the use of a base plate.



- The HDF(*) system is optimized to control flows up to 20 l/min with max pressure of 250 bar.
- Ideal use of HDF(*) system is on standard minipowerpacks type SCLA (see table AS-101).



- The more sophisticated systems uses **HDF2-ES**-** solenoid valves, where connections to A and B lines are internal and therefore it is possible to stack modules that control flow or pressure on individual A and/or B ports: typically the use of p.o. check valve is current.
- Elements from HDF and HDF2 systems can be mixed and can be stacked together, then giving an optimum of flexibility
- Installation normally is made by fastening, by 3 tie rods, the stack of HDF(*) valves on a plate or manifold or block where a surface presents suitably located P and T connections.
- This principle permits the best installation of HDF(*) stacks on minipowerpacks SCLA, on control blocks or, as a piggy back, on banks of larger 4-way control valves.
- In current application of HDF system, a "closing" plate is needed to seal the P and T lines that are passing through the stack of valves.

In case of repetitive or large scale application, the use of "blind" final elements could be of great help:

- solenoid valves type HDFC-ES-** (P and T ports on face with seals)
- solenoid valves type HDFB-ES-** (P and T ports on face without seals)
- p.o. check valves type AMFC-CP-AB

These eliminate the need of a "closing" plate and permit shorter tie rods

■ Components for the HDF system

4-way solenoid valves (see table AD-220)

- Valves type **HDF-ES-****, see table AD-220. Those are the basic elements with A and B ports (1/4" BSP) on top of valve; P and T passing through.



F2-ES-**, see table AD-230. Those valves have P and T passing through and internal connection for A and B line.

Normally the A and B 1/4" BSP ports must be plugged and a suitable control module is associated to the valve.

- In the basic versions the spool can be manually shifted by acting on the emergency pins. This manual override can be replaced by lockable override nut device type G01-E

Control modules

- Pilot operated check valve type **AMF-CP-AB** (see table AD-250)
Associated to HDF2-ES-*** solenoid valve, operates on A and B lines and presents A and B ports connections 1/4" BSP on sides.

Relief valves

- AMF-MOP/*-CC; (see table AM-F60)



Relief valve acting on main (common) P line (passing) with discharge on (common) T line (passing) **AMF-MOP/*-P1; AMF-MOP/*-T1**. Options: Version P1 presents an auxiliary 1/4" BSP port P on one side. In the same way Version T1 presents an auxiliary 1/4" BSP port T on one side.









- Relief combined with variable flow control valve type **AMF-MOP**/*-**CF**This valve presents, in parallel with the relief valve, a regulated bleeding flow from P line to T line. Version with graduated knob for the throttle valve is available (**AMF-MOP**/*-**CV**).
- Relief combined with pressure compensated flow control valve type **AMF-MOP**/*-**Q*** (see table AM-F60)

 This valve presents, in parallel with the relief valve, a pressure compensated bleeding flow from P line to T line. Bleeding flow rate can be fixed (AMF-MOP/*-Q(*)) or adjustable (**AMF-MOP**/*-**QV**).
- Relief combined with electric by-pass valve type AMF-MOP/*-EV2* (see table AD-270)

 This valve presents, in parallel with a pressure relief valve, a directional valve that allows connection of P and T lines with electric command. Normally open (AMF-MOP/*-EV20) and normally closed (AMF-MOP/*-EV2C) versions are available.



- A and B pressure relief valve type AMF-MO-BA (see table AD-265).

Relief valve acting on A and B line with discharge on (common) T line. P line is passing.

Plates



- Inlet/outlet modules type AMF-SE-* (see table AS-101).

This is a plate with standard HDF-ES interface (inlet) on one face and additional P and T ports (1/4" BSP) on one side. This plate is equipped with a NC 2/2 solenoid valve that discharge P line on T line (AMF-SE-CO);. This function is typical for simple acting cylinders.

In series with the NC 2/2 solenoid valve is possible to use a flow control valve that can be: throttle adjustable (AMF-SE-CV); fixed flow, pressure compensated (AMF-SE-Q(*)); adjustable flow pressure compensated (AMF-SE-QV)

- Inlet/outlet module type PD1-PT (see table AS-101).
 This plate presents HDF-ES interface (inlet) on one face and P and T ports (1/4" BSP) on one side.
- Inlet/outlet module type **PD1-03/32-5** (see table AD-220).
 This plate presents HDF-ES interface (outlet) on one face and P and T ports (1/4" BSP) on the other face.
- Intermediate plate type AMF-PM-TP. This module permits change of circuit from "parallel" to "series" (T1 → P2).
- 00
- Steel closing plate type PD1-03/32-0 (see table AD-220).
- Closing plate is not necessary when HDFC-ES-*** or AMFC-ES-*** are used.

In line valves and accessories



In line throttle and check valve type HFC-14 (see table AF-114).



This valve can be screwed directly on the A and B exit ports of the HDF-ES-*** valves, obtaining free direct flow and restricted reverse flow (adjustable).

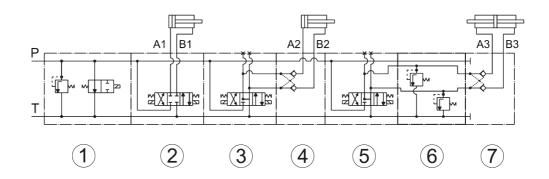
The presence of a "turning connector" allows the contemporary mounting of two valves on both ports of the solenoid valve.

- If a fixed throttle on P or T lines is needed is possible to use the "section reducers" type 3S-**, that can be installed on the interested port under the seal.
- A standard mounting kit angulare MAF-KIT-2, in case of HDF*/AMF standing alone block (not connected to power pack SCLA), helps to connect the valves block by screws to the chassis of machine or to the tank of power unit.

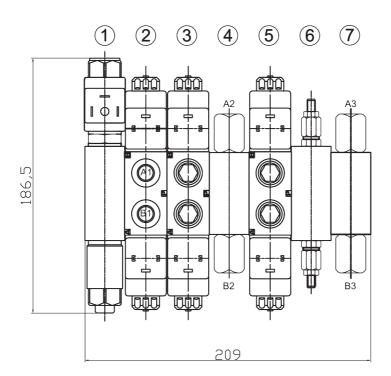


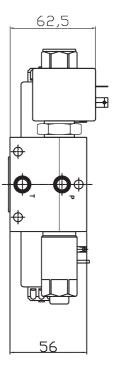
CIRCUIT EXAMPLES

The use of HDF system permits to obtain hydraulic circuits in very low dimensions. The following scheme can be taken as an example:



■ With HDF(*) stackable system is possible to realize this circuit using seven elements :





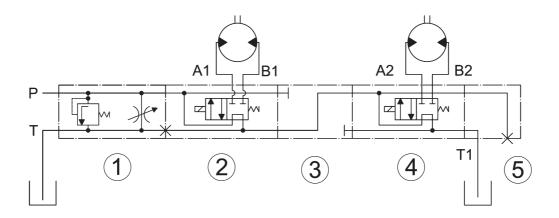
| 1 | By-pass valve in parallel with a relief valve (AMF-MOP/*-EV20) | 5 | 4-way solenoid operated valve with internal A and B ports (HDF2-ES-3C-****) |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 | 4-way solenoid operated valve (HDF-ES-1C-****) | 6 | Relief valve operating on A and B lines separately (AMF-MO-BA) |
| 3 | 4-way solenoid operated valve with internal A and B ports (HDF2-ES-3C-****) | 7 | Double p.o. check valve, blind version(AMFC-CP-AB) |
| 4 | Double p.o. check valve (AMF-CP-AB) | | |



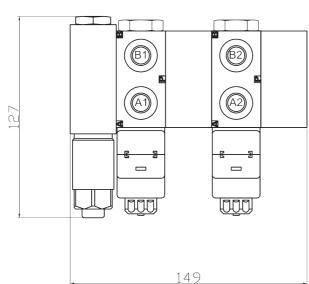
TANDEM CIRCUIT EXAMPLE

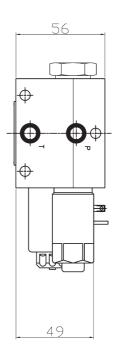
The use of AMF-PM-TP module permits to realize, shifting the flow from P to T line, a tandem circuit in very simple way. This leads to a small size of the block. This solution implies the need for an additional T port, which is available, for example, in the closing element PD1-PT.

An example of a circuit with series connection of two hydraulic motors is shown in the following figures:









| 1 | Pressure relief valve in parallel with a variable bleeding flow (AMF-MOP/*-CF) | |
|---|--|--|
| 2 | 4- way solenoid operated valve (HDF-ES-4ML-****) | |
| 3 | Intermediate plate for tandem circuit (AMF-PM-TP) | |
| 4 | 4-way solenoid operated valve (HDF-ES-4ML-****) | |
| 5 | Closing plate with additional G1/4 P(plugged) and T port (PD1-PT) | |